Diversity of alarm calls across species of Ruminantia

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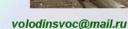
BACKGROUND In mammals, acoustics of vocalizations toward potential threat are mostly studied

AIMS of this study were 1) to investigate the acoustic variables of alarm calls variation in three species of ruminants (giraffe, sambar, Indian muntjac) toward potential predators (humans or carnivores) and 2) to examine the acoustic diversity of alarm calls across species of Ruminantia.











Giraffe (KHZ) Frequency

Hiss (n=22) duration 0.72±0.22 s fpeak 0.69±0.61 kHz

Snort 4 Hiss

Snort (n=20) duration 0.28±0.10 s fpeak 0.20±0.29 kHz pulse rate 23.7±4.2 Hz

Sambar deer

for rodents, primates and carnivores. For ruminants, these data are scarce.



Bark (n=45) duration 0.15±0.03 s fpeak 1.61±0.57 kHz f0max 0.98±0.26 kHz

Indian muntjac



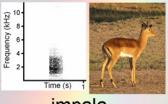
Bark (n=155) duration 0.24±0.04 s fpeak 0.89±0.28 kHz f0max 0.66±0.08 kHz

Hissing alarms



goitred gazelle

Snorting alarms





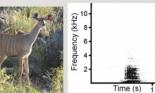


tur <u>klipspringer</u>

Western

Barking alarms

Time (s)





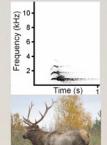


greater kudu

white-tailed gnu







Bactrian red deer Siberian red deer

Classifying alarm calls

Classifying alarm calls to hisses, snorts and barks was based on visual analysis of call spectrograms. Barks are distinctive by presence of the fundamental frequency. Hisses and snorts (both lacking the fundamental frequency) are separated by the explosive air expulsion in snorts versus the non-explosive expulsion in hisses.



waterbuck

The acoustic diversity of alarm calls among different species of Ruminantia suggests it as a potential new mammalian model taxon for investigating the role of acoustic diversity in alarm communication, in addition to the traditional model taxa.

springbok

ESSN 0012-4966, Dokkady Biological Sciences, 2017, Vol. 474, pp. 110–113. © Piciades Publishing, Ltd., 2017.
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= GENERAL BIOLOGY =

Acoustic Structure of Alarm Calls in Indian Sambar (Rusa unicolor) and Indian Muntjac (Muntiacus vaginalis) in South Vietnam

I. A. Volodina, K. E. V. Volodina, R. Frey, S. S. Gogoleva, I. V. Palko, and Academician V. V. Rozhnov DOI: 10.1134/S0012496617030061

Supported by RSF grant 14-14-00237 and RFBR grant 15-04-06241.